

SPECIAL SALE OF REMNANTS



An immense lot of Remnants left over from our July Clearance Sale are now on our counters, marked ridiculously cheap. How thrifty women will snatch them up for summer suits and children's wear. In addition to our Remnants, we have reduced prices on every article of summer merchandise. We name a few of the many bargains to be found here.

Misses Drop-stitch Hose, black and white, pair..... 8c
16-button length Black Cotton Gloves, damaged, pair..... 25c
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, each 10c
Men's Balbriggan Underwear, per garment 25c
White Silk Parasols, slightly soiled, 98c
Infants' Muslin caps, each 15c

Dry Goods

Lutkemeier
ESTABLISHED 1876

Carpets

BACK TO SCHOOL

Children Must Start On Next Tuesday.

EARLIER OPENING THAN USUAL
—NEW BUILDING NOT YET FINISHED.

In the windows of the drug stores and book dealers has appeared tablets and pencils and erasers and sponges and rulers and books with familiar appearance. To the observant youngster, who has been enjoying life for the last three months, these things are signs of the time when he will have to rush through his breakfast, grab up and armful of books and go dashing off to a big building where he is kept confined for several hours each day and where teachers try to hammer knowledge into his unwilling head.

School is going to begin again. Just about the time for school to begin, in the fall, one sees the drug stores putting out their best pencils, with fancy colorings and filling up their show windows with books such as are used in the school room. The first robin is no more sure indication of the approach of spring than is the prominent display of pencils and tablets a signboard of school. It is the time now when the children begin to buy books and look out for slates and pencils and erasers and things of that kind and that is the only joy in going back to school; it is some consolation to go along and purchase the things one needs in school.

School is beginning earlier than is usual this year. It will start Tuesday instead of on first Monday in September, as is customary. Superintendent McKee has decided it would be best to begin early this year so as not to throw the commencement too late next spring.

Work on the new primary building has not been completed but arrangements have been made for the housing of the primary grades in the main building until about the middle of October, when the new building will be completed.

Sells Life Of Cousin To County Sheriff

The body of Jesse Cole, the negro desperado, who was killed by Sheriff J. E. Bryant, of Monroe county, within a few hundred yards of his mother's home, on Pea Ridge, was shipped on the 3 o'clock train for Indianapolis for identification.

A later report of the killing has developed the fact that Cole was betrayed into the hands of the officers by his cousin, Claude Andrews, in whom he trusted. An agreement had been made with the officers by Andrews to decoy Jesse Cole away from home the first favorable opportunity and that by doing so he would get a part of the reward.

It was learned that most all the male members in the Cole settlement were to be away from home engaged in hauling logs a considerable distance from Pea Ridge. The officers rode to within a few hundred yards of the house and hitched their horses and came a short distance closer. They had hardly reached the spot when they came upon Andrews and his victim, whom he had begged to go squirrel hunting with him. After killing Cole the officers put the body across their shoulders and run several hundred yards to their horses. They then put the body on two horses and rode five miles where they secured a buggy, in which they placed the body and brought it on to Tompkinsville.

Detective Tom Pedigo, of Louisville, said that Andrews made the same deal with him as he also did with United States Marshal Jeff Cundiff to deliver Cole into their hands, but after all arrangements had been made Andrews failed to carry out his contract, giving as his excuse that his heart had failed him and that Jesse Cole had saved his life more than once.

No matter how small the job of printing you have, we want it, and we will give it the same careful attention as we would a great big one. We desire your business, and will show you that we appreciate same by doing good work. Use either phone, 11.

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JOINT DEBATE

Between Campbell Cantrill
And W. P. Kimball.

Congressional Candidates
Meet On The Stump

Charges Made By Each And
Both Enter Denials.

FRANKLIN COUNTY PLAYS A PART.

(Paris Bureau of the Lexington Herald.)

The first joint discussion of the issues of the campaign for Congress in this district between Congressman W. P. Kimball, of Lexington, and a candidate for re-nomination and his opponent, Senator J. Campbell Cantrill, of Georgetown, occurred this afternoon at Little Rock, Mo., at a picnic given by the Missouri Men of America. One thousand people were present, neither of the Congressional aspirants being on the program for a speech.

Both Congressman Kimball and Senator Cantrill, however, concluded to attend in an effort to make good with the voters of the Eastern end of Bourbon county, and when their presence became known they were both urged to speak.

Senator Cantrill was especially gratified as he stated that he was glad of an opportunity to clear himself of the charge of political perfidy, of having lobbied against the interests of Governor Beckham, and of having been instrumental in causing the defeat of the county unit bill before the last Legislature.

Each speaker was allowed twenty-five minutes, Senator Cantrill opening the argument. The Senator said that the charges emanated from the Frankfort State Journal, the editor of which resided in Lexington, when in fact they were made by James H. Thompson, chairman of the Bourbon County Democratic Committee, who was present as an interested spectator.

Senator Cantrill said he was accused of trading off the McChord bill, when all the interests arrayed against the measure are now fighting him in this contest, which hardly looks reasonable if the charge be true. The Senator then produced letters from the Scott and Owen County Boards of Control endorsing his work and testifying to the sincerity of his every movement in the interests of the tobacco growers. He also read letters from Senator Newman and Senator Renaker endorsing his labors for the cause of the Equity movement.

Senator Cantrill then declared that the conduct of the State Journal in reiterating these charges, which were without foundation, was the dirtiest piece of politics ever perpetrated in the district.

The Senator then took up the charge that he had not supported Governor Beckham and said the fact that Hon. Robert H. Anderson, Representative from his county, voted for Beckham on every ballot, while the representative from the city of Lexington, did not, should be a sufficient answer to the charge.

In refutation to the charge that he lobbied against the county unit bill, Senator Cantrill read a letter from the Rev. Mr. Wagner, who fathered the bill, endorsing him for Congress.

He denied emphatically that he had entered into a deal with Judge Polsgrove by which he was to receive the vote of Franklin county in return for the vote of Scott county, which he, Cantrill, was to give the judge in his race for Commonwealth's Attorney.

He said that he stood four square to

every wind that blows for a square deal in politics, and for the continuance of the organization of the farmers in their fight against the trusts.

Congressman Kimball replied to the Senator. He expressed surprise that the Senator should accuse Editor Walton of making the charges referred to, when, in a circular letter sent out yesterday, broadcast over the county, Kimball himself is accused of having made the charges, when everybody is hearing of his voice knew that neither he nor Walton made them, but that the charges emanated from Mr. Thompson, one of the best Democrats in Bourbon and chairman of the County Committee.

Kimball disclaimed having made any charge against the Senator, as shown in the circular letter, and that such a scheme to fool the people at this late day would fall flat.

He admonished the hearers, most of whom were farmers, that they wanted their organization, whatever name it was known, to be a success and a great power for good, to keep it out of the slime of politics. Scarcely had it become an implement for good, for the securing of equitable prices, and for the elevation and happiness of its people before it was dragged into the mire of politics and made the stepping stone of hungry politicians.

Mr. Kimball declared that he had always fought the tobacco trust and every trust, and would continue to so fight the greed of the organized few against the helpless many, and could be of more service to the Democratic party in Congress than the Senator.

Referring to the Senator's denial of the charge that he (Cantrill) was in a deal with Judge Polsgrove for the trading of the votes of Franklin and Scott counties, Mr. Kimball read a letter from Hon. L. F. Johnson, of Frankfort, which follows:

"Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 19, '08.
"Hon. W. P. Kimball, Lexington, Ky.

"Dear Sir:—
"Answering your favor of the 18th instant, beg leave to advise that some weeks ago I thought of announcing myself as a candidate for Congress to succeed you, subject to the action of the Democratic convention to be held in the city of Lexington on the third day of September, next.

"After consultation with some of my friends I decided not to make the race, feeling that you were entitled to an endorsement, as had been the usual custom in this district.

"At the time I had this matter under consideration, I was approached by Judge Polsgrove, of my county, who frankly said to me that he was in a deal with Senator Cantrill whereby he (Polsgrove) was to deliver to Cantrill the vote of Franklin county in the Congressional race and in return Cantrill had agreed to deliver to Polsgrove the vote of Scott county in his (Polsgrove's) race for Commonwealth's Attorney.

"It remains to be seen whether or not the people of Franklin and Scott counties will submit to and approve of such an alliance.

"With respect, believe me to be,
"Very truly yours,
"L. F. JOHNSON."

Congressman Kimball in proof of his interest in legislation affecting the tobacco situation, declared that he made a trip from Washington to Frankfort to urge upon Senator Combs and Representative Klair the importance of voting for the McChord bill, which he thought would equal any particular effort made by the Senator, whose sole claim for political preferment rested upon his prominence as the head of the organization.

Mr. Kimball closed his address with a fervent appeal to all Democrats to rally to the standard of the party and place William Jennings Bryan, "the greatest Democratic statesman of the age," in the White House in Washington.

Senator Cantrill was accorded five minutes to reply and in answer to the letter of Mr. Johnson, regarding the Polsgrove deal, read a letter from the Judge denying the charge.

Senator Cantrill, like his opponent, made an eloquent plea for a re-united Democracy and predicted the triumphal election of Mr. Bryan. At the conclusion of the argument, Senator Cantrill left for Paris, where he addressed an audience in the interest of his candidacy.

Grand and Petit

Jury Panel Drawn.

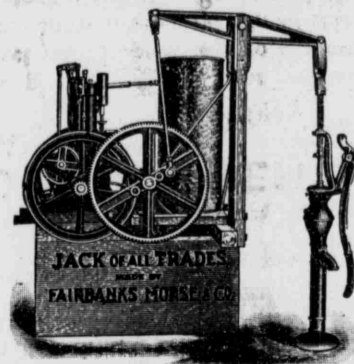
Circuit Clerk Ben Marshall has drawn the grand and petit juries for the next term of the Circuit Court, which begins in October. The grand jurors are N. B. Smith, J. W. Hughes, Henry Hensley, Harry Quire, J. W. Scott, Jr., Ray Brown, W. W. Moore, John Selbert, William Rossen, W. M. Hieatt, Ambrose Parker, Sam Stone, Lonny Quire, Gordon Triplett, Peter Barker, J. L. Holder, J. L. Cole, J. W. Waldner, Garrett Carter, Albert Hockensmith, Jr., C. M. Bridgeford, J. P.

Bargains in McGrew Shingles

Shingles that sold for \$6.00 per thousand reduced to, per thousand . . . \$4.00
Shingles that sold for \$5.00 per thousand reduced to, per thousand . . . \$3.50
Shingles that sold for \$4.00 per thousand reduced to, per thousand . . . \$3.00
Shingles that sold for \$3.25 per thousand reduced to, per thousand . . . \$2.50

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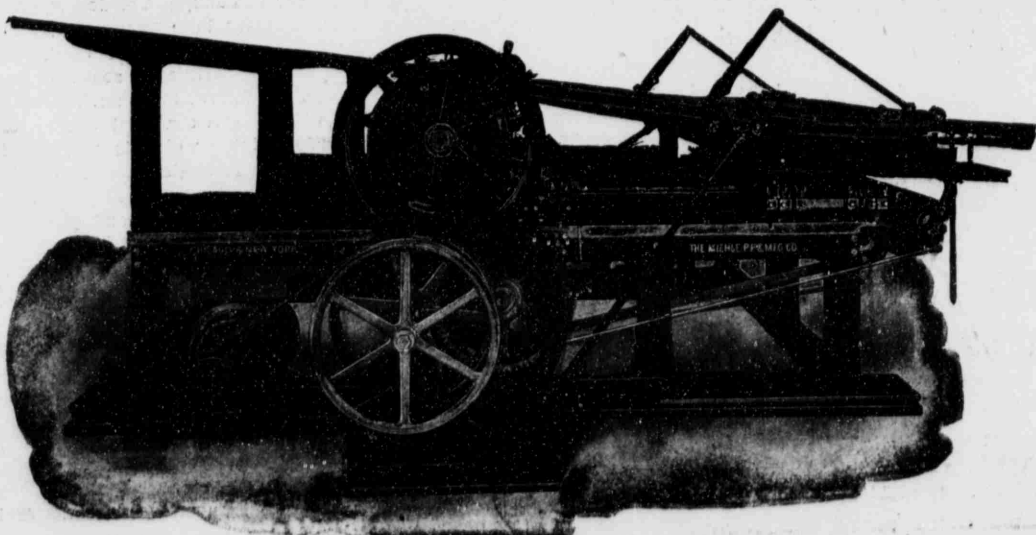
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reputation, but one night became involved in a saloon row with a negro from the South, a stranger to Denny, who was employed on the construction work of the Southern Railway. Denny killed the negro and on trial was sentenced for life. He has been in bad health since he has been in the prison.

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NEGRO BARBER AT PRISON PARDONED BY GOVERNOR.

Abe Denny, a negro barber, sent to the penitentiary for life on conviction of a murder charge, was pardoned by Acting Governor W. H. Cox and was released from the prison. He had many friends among the white people and Auditor Frank P. James, who comes from Harrodsburg, was especially interested in the case. Denny was a barber for many years in Harrodsburg and was known to all the white people in the place. He had a good